Lesson 27. Finding an Initial BFS

1 Overview

- Today: How do we find an initial BFS to start the simplex method?
- The Phase I LP: an auxiliary LP based on the original canonical form LP with an easy-to-find initial BFS
 - Solve the Phase I LP using the simplex method
 - The optimal solution to the Phase I LP will either
 - ♦ give an initial BFS for the original LP
 - ◇ prove that the original LP is infeasible

2 Constructing the Phase I LP

- 1. If necessary, multiply the equality constraints by -1 so that the RHS is nonnegative
- 2. Add a nonnegative **artificial variable** to the LHS of each constraint (each constraint gets its own artificial variable)
- 3. The objective is to minimize the sum of the artificial variables
- 4. Compute the initial BFS for the Phase I LP by putting all artificial variables in the basis

Example 1. Construct the Phase I LP from the following canonical form LP.

maximize
$$4x_1 + 5x_2 - 9x_3$$

subject to $8x_1 - x_2 + x_3 = 4$
 $x_1 + 4x_2 - 7x_3 = -22$
 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$

What is the initial BFS of the Phase I LP?

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3 How does the Phase I LP work?

- Let's consider the Phase I LP we wrote in Example 1
- The Phase I LP can't be unbounded, because
- It can't be infeasible either (we can always compute an initial BFS!)
- Therefore, the Phase I LP must have an optimal solution
- Let $(x_1^*, x_2^*, x_3^*, a_1^*, a_2^*)$ be an optimal BFS to the Phase I LP
- **Case 1.** The optimal value of the Phase I LP is strictly greater than 0: $a_1^* + a_2^* > 0$

• **Case 2.** The optimal value of the Phase I LP is equal to 0: $a_1^* + a_2^* = 0$

• This reasoning applies in general

4 Putting it all together: The Two-Phase Simplex Method

Step 1: Phase I. Construct Phase I LP and compute its easy-to-find initial BFS. Use the simplex method to solve the Phase I LP.

Step 2: Infeasibility. If the optimal value of the Phase I LP is

- > 0 \Rightarrow stop; original LP is infeasible.
- = 0 \Rightarrow identify initial BFS for original LP.

Step 3: Phase II. Use the simplex method to solve the original LP, using the initial BFS identified in Step 2.

5 Possible outcomes of LPs

• When do we detect if an LP:

