SM223 – Calculus III with Optimization Asst. Prof. Nelson Uhan

## Lesson 51. Mass and Center of Mass, Revisited

## 1 Definitions

- Suppose a solid object occupies a region *E* in space
- Let  $\rho(x, y, z)$  = density of the object at (x, y, z)
- The **mass** of the object is

• The center of mass of the object is located at  $(\overline{x}, \overline{y}, \overline{z})$ , where

## 2 Problems

**Example 1.** Set up integrals to find the mass and center of mass of the solid *E*, where *E* is the solid above the *xy*-plane and bounded by the cylinder  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  and the planes z = y and z = 0, and the density function is  $\rho(x, y, z) = 1 + x + y + z$ .

**Example 2.** Let *E* be the solid bounded by the parabolic cylinder  $x = y^2$  and the planes z = x, z = 0, and x = 1, and let the density function be  $\rho(x, y, z) = y^2$ .

- a. Set up integrals for the mass and center of mass of *E*.
- b. Use your calculator to evaluate the integrals you set up in part a.

**Example 3.** Let *E* be the solid bounded by the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$  and the *xy*-plane, and let the density function be  $\rho(x, y, z) = (x - 1)^2$ .

- a. Set up integrals for the mass and center of mass of *E*.
- b. Use your calculator to evaluate the integrals you set up in part a.