

**Example 5.** Find the particular solution to the DS  $A_{n+2} = 2A_{n+1} - A_n + 3$  that satisfies  $A_0 = 0, A_1 = -1$ . What is  $A_{10}$ ?

$$\text{Here, } a=2, b=-1, c=3 \Rightarrow \underline{\text{CE}}: x^2 = 2x - 1 \\ \Rightarrow r=s=1$$

$$\underline{\text{GS}}: A_n = C_1 + C_2 n + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)n^2$$

$$\underline{\text{IC}}: A_0 = 0 \Rightarrow 0 = C_1 \\ A_1 = -1 \Rightarrow -1 = C_1 - C_2 + \frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow C_2 = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\underline{\text{PS}}: A_n = \frac{5}{2}n + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)n^2 \quad A_{10} = \frac{5}{2}(10) + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)10^2 \\ = 175$$

**Example 6.** Find the particular solution to the DS  $A_{n+2} = 2A_{n+1} - A_n + 4$  that satisfies  $A_0 = 3, A_1 = 6$ . What is  $A_{10}$ ?

$$\text{Here, } a=2, b=-1, c=4 \Rightarrow \underline{\text{CE}}: x^2 = 2x - 1 \\ \Rightarrow r=s=1$$

$$\underline{\text{GS}}: A_n = C_1 + C_2 n + 2n^2$$

$$\underline{\text{IC}}: A_0 = 3 \Rightarrow 3 = C_1 \\ A_1 = 6 \Rightarrow 6 = C_1 + C_2 + 2 \Rightarrow C_1 + C_2 = 4 \Rightarrow C_2 = 1$$

$$\underline{\text{PS}}: A_n = 3 + n + 2n^2 \quad A_{10} = 3 + 10 + 2(10^2) \\ = 213$$